May 17, 2021

Dear members of Congress:

We, the undersigned organizations, urge you to support the Providing Urgent Maternal Protections (PUMP) for Nursing Mothers Act. The PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act would protect breastfeeding employees across the nation by strengthening the existing Break Time for Nursing Mothers law and has bipartisan support.

The Break Time for Nursing Mothers law (Break Time law), passed in 2010, provided critical protections to ensure that employees would have reasonable break time and a private place to pump breast milk. Unfortunately, the placement of the law within the part of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) that sets minimum wages and overtime resulted in 9 million women — nearly one in four women of childbearing age — being unintentionally excluded from coverage and as such they have no clear right to break time and space to pump breast milk. Those left unprotected include teachers, software engineers, and many nurses, among others.

Without these protections, breastfeeding employees face serious health consequences, including risk of painful illness and infection, diminished milk supply, or inability to continue breastfeeding. According to a report from the University of California’s Center for WorkLife Law¹, the consequences of this coverage gap also include harassment at work, reduced wages, and job loss.

Breastfeeding mothers who return to work should not have to struggle to find time and space to express milk, risking their supply and thereby their ultimate breastfeeding success. The PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act would strengthen the 2010 Break Time law by closing the coverage gap, providing employers clarity on when pumping time must be paid and when it may be unpaid, and providing remedies for nursing mothers.

Breastfeeding is a proven primary prevention strategy, building a foundation for life-long health and wellness, and adapting over time to meet the changing needs of the growing child. The evidence for the value of breastfeeding to children’s and women’s health is scientific, solid, and continually being reaffirmed by new research. Breastfeeding is proven to prevent a wide range of illnesses and conditions. Compared with formula-fed children, those who are breastfed have a reduced risk of ear, skin, stomach, and respiratory infections; diarrhea; sudden infant death syndrome; and necrotizing enterocolitis.² In the longer term, breastfed children have a reduced risk of obesity, type 1 and 2 diabetes, asthma, and childhood leukemia. Women who breastfed their children have a reduced long-term risk of diabetes, cardiovascular disease, and breast and ovarian cancers.³

More than half of mothers return to the paid labor force before their children are three months old, with as many as one in four returning within just two weeks of giving birth. Many of these mothers choose to continue breastfeeding well after their return to work to meet standard health guidelines—and those employees need to express (or pump) breast milk on a regular schedule.

Businesses of all sizes and in every industry have found simple, cost-effective ways to meet the needs of their breastfeeding employees as well as their business. The HHS Office on Women's Health hosts the Supporting Nursing Moms at Work: Employer Solutions resource,⁴ which provides a critical link between the need for workplace support for breastfeeding families and the need for implementation guidance for their employers.
The online resource provides a user-friendly tool that employers can easily navigate to identify and implement industry-specific solutions to providing time and space accommodations.

According to the HHS Business Case for Breastfeeding, employers that provide lactation support see an impressive return on investment (almost 3:1), including lower health care costs, absenteeism, and turnover, and improved morale, job satisfaction, and productivity. It is easier to provide temporary, scheduled breaks for milk expression than to cover the missed work shifts of an employee who is absent because either they or their baby is sick.

While 84% of babies are breastfed at birth, only 25% of U.S. infants are still exclusively breastfed at six months of age. Obstacles, especially workplace barriers, can make it difficult to fit breastfeeding into many parents' lives. But research clearly shows that employed mothers with access to workplace support are less likely to stop breastfeeding early.

The Providing Urgent Maternal Protections (PUMP) for Nursing Mothers Act is a common-sense and important step toward eliminating the barriers to breastfeeding and ensuring all families have the opportunity to reach their personal breastfeeding goals.

Sincerely,

CO-SIGNERS

International, National, & Tribal Organizations:
1,000 Days
2020 Mom
A Better Balance
Academy of Breastfeeding Medicine
Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics
Alimentacion Segura Infantil
American Academy of Family Physicians
American Academy of Nursing
American Academy of Pediatrics
American Association of University Women
American Civil Liberties Union
American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists
American Public Health Association
Association of Maternal & Child Health Programs
Association of State Public Health Nutritionists
Baby Cafe USA
Baby-Friendly USA, Inc.
Beaufort-Jasper-Hampton Comprehensive Health Services
BetaCarrotTeen
Birthing Miracles Pregnancy Services LLC
Black Breastfeeding Caucus
Black Mothers' Breastfeeding Association
Breastfeeding Family Friendly Communities
Breastfeeding USA
Bright Future Lactation Resource Centre Ltd.
Center for Health Equity, Education, and Research
Center for WorkLife Law
Coalition of Labor Union Women
Dancing For Birth, LLC
Equal Rights Advocates
Every Mother, Inc.
HealthConnect One
Healthy Children Project, Inc.
Human Milk Banking Association of North America
Indigenous Breastfeeding Counselor
InterCare Community Health Network
International Breastfeeding Institute
International Board of Lactation Consultant Examiners
International Childbirth Education Association
Lactation Training Lab
LactPower
La Leche League Alliance
La Leche League USA
Mom2Mom Global
Mom Congress
MomsRising
National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
National Birth Equity Collaborative
National Employment Law Project
National Lactation Consultant Alliance
National Organization for Women
National Partnership for Women & Families
National WIC Association
Native Breastfeeding Council
NETWORK Lobby for Catholic Social Justice
Nurturely
pumpspotting
Precious Jewels Moms Ministries
Reaching Our Sisters Everywhere, Inc
Search Influence
The Institute for the Advancement of Breastfeeding and Lactation Education
U.S. Breastfeeding Committee
Women-Inspired Systems' Enrichment
ZERO TO THREE

Regional, State, & Local Organizations:
Alabama Breastfeeding Committee
Alaska Breastfeeding Coalition
API Breastfeeding Task Force
Arizona Youth Partnership
Baby And Me LC
Baby Cafe Bakersfield
Barry Pediatrics
Breastfeeding Coalition of Palm Beach County
Breastfeeding Coalition of Washington
Breastfeeding Education and Support Team of the Easter Upper Peninsula
Breastfeeding Hawaii
Breastfeeding Task Force of Greater Los Angeles
Breastfeed Macomb
Bronx Breastfeeding Coalition
California Breastfeeding Coalition
Centro Pediatrico de Lactancia y Crianza
CHI Mercy Hospital
Coalition of Oklahoma Breastfeeding Advocates
Connecticut Breastfeeding Coalition
Connecticut Women's Education and Legal Fund
Constellation Consulting, LLC
Courthouse Lactation Space Task Force of the Florida Association for Women Lawyers
District of Columbia Breastfeeding Coalition
Florida Breastfeeding Coalition
Florida Outreach Childbirth Education Program
Geelo Wellness
Genesee County Breastfeeding Coalition
Harambee Village Doulas
Hurley Medical Center
Indiana Breastfeeding Coalition
Indianapolis Urban League
InterCare Community Health Network, Women, Infants, and Children Program
Justice for Migrant Women
Kansas Breastfeeding Coalition
Lactation Improvement Coalition of Kentucky
Lactation Lighthouse
LactPower
Learn Lactate Grow
Maryland Breastfeeding Coalition
Maternity Care Coalition
Metro Detroit/ Wayne County Breastfeeding Coalition
Metropolitan Hospital
Michigan Breastfeeding Network
Missouri Breastfeeding Coalition
Montana State Breastfeeding Coalition
Montefiore WIC program
Mother Heart Birth Services
Mothers' Milk Bank Northeast
Mother's Own Milk Matters
New Hampshire Breastfeeding Task Force
New Jersey Breastfeeding Coalition
New Mexico Breastfeeding Task Force
New York Statewide Breastfeeding Coalition
Next Generation Lactation Service
North Carolina Breastfeeding Coalition
Nursing Mothers Counsel, Inc.  
Nourished Beginnings  
Nurture.  
Nutrition First  
NYC Breastfeeding Leadership Council, Inc.  
Ohio Breastfeeding Alliance  
Underwood Early Learning Center LLC  
Sacramento Breastfeeding Coalition  
San Diego County Breastfeeding Coalition  
Solutions for Breastfeeding  
Southeast Michigan IBCLC's of Color  
Speaking of Birth  
Tennessee Breastfeeding Coalition  
The New York Milk Bank  
West Virginia Breastfeeding Alliance  
Western Kansas Birthkeeping  
WIC Nutrition, Sonoma County Indian Health Project, Inc.  
Wisconsin Breastfeeding Coalition  
Women Employed  
Women’s Law Project  
Women’s Rights and Empowerment Network  
Virginia Breastfeeding Advisory Committee  
Virginia Breastfeeding Coalition  
YWCA of the University of Illinois


ii Systematic Review of Breastfeeding Programs and Policies, Breastfeeding Uptake, and Maternal Health Outcomes in Developed Countries | Effective Health Care Program. Effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov.  

iii Making the decision to breastfeed | womenshealth.gov. womenshealth.gov.  


vi Results: Breastfeeding Rates | Breastfeeding | CDC. Cdc.gov.  